BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS WITH REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS WITH REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Years Ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Berkshire Health Group Blanford, MA 01008

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Berkshire Health Group as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berkshire Health Group's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Berkshire Health Group, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the claims development information be presented on pages v-vii and 13-14, respectively, to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2018, on our consideration of Berkshire Health Group's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Berkshire Health Group's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Natick, Massachusetts January 31, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Berkshire Health Group Blanford, MA 01008

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States, the financial statements of Berkshire Health Group, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berkshire Health Group's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Berkshire Health Group's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berkshire Health Group's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berkshire Health Group's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Berkshire Health Group's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lynch Marine & Cerroriates In

Natick, Massachusetts

January 31, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion & Analysis
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The management of Berkshire Health Group (the Group) offers readers of our financial statements the following narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Group's basic financial statements on the accompanying pages.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. The basic financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; a statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on the assets and liabilities of the Group, with the difference being reported as net position.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position reports the operating and non-operating revenues and expenses of the Group for the fiscal year. The net result of these activities combined with the beginning of the year net position reconciles to the net position at the end of the current fiscal year.

The statement of cash flows reports the changes in cash for the year resulting from operating and investing activities. The net result of the changes in cash for the year, when added to the balance of cash at the beginning of the year equals cash at the end of the year.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements described above.

Financial Highlights

- Assets exceeded liabilities (net position) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 by \$10,089,918 and \$6,453,952, respectively. Net position at June 30, 2017 and 2016 represents 32.1% and 16.4%, respectively, of medical and dental claims expense.
- The Group manages its financial obligations under a financial management guideline, "Fund Balance Policy," which sets a targeted range for the Net Position that is equal to ten to fifteen percent (10-15%) of total annual claims expense based on the most recent 12 months of paid claims.
- Net position increased \$3,635,966 and decreased \$140,337 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- The statement of cash flows identifies the sources and uses of cash activity for the fiscal year and displays a net increase in cash of \$1,060,833 and \$674,300 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

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Management's Discussion & Analysis
June 30, 2017 and 2016

The increase in net position for the year ended June 30, 2017 was primarily a result of operating revenues exceeding operating expenses. The decreases in net position for the year ended June 30, 2016 was primarily a result of operating expenses exceeding operating revenues. The Board of Directors intentionally used surplus of unrestricted net position in the year ended June 30, 2016 to set the member rates lower than the projected annual claims expense which decreased overall net position at year-end.

Actuarial assumptions are used in projecting annual claims costs for each health plan on a per member/per month basis and a rate, on a plan by plan basis, is set to fund the aggregate of the total projected claims and other Group costs.

Condensed Financial Information

A comparative summary of financial information is presented below:

		<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,916,760	\$ 4,855,927
Investments		6,618,825	6,192,085
Other assets		1,178.967	 599,359
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	13,714,552	\$ 11,647,371
Incurred but not reported	\$	2,750,000	\$ 3,841,006
Other current liabilities		874,634	1,352,413
Total liabilities		3,624,634	5,193,419
Unrestricted net position	<u>\$</u>	10,089,918	\$ 6,453,952
Operating revenues	\$	39,697,476	\$ 42,615,871
Less:			
Claims expenses		31,458,456	39,607,491
Claims administration expenses		1,741,305	1,943,627
Other operating expenses		3,292,540	1,319,723
Total operating expenses		36,492,301	 42,870,841
Plus:			
Net non-operating revenues		430,791	 114,633
Increase/(decrease) in net position	<u>\$</u>	3,635,966	\$ (140,337)

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

Economic Factors Affecting the Subsequent Year

The Group's Board set the rate structure for fiscal 2018 plan participation. The Group is eliminating its Value Plus plans and moving to all deductible plans for the year ending June 30, 2018. The deductible rates for the year ending June 30, 2018 will be set at the Value Plus plan rates during the plan year ended June 30, 2017. Medex II with PDP increased 2.8% for the year ending June 30, 2018. The senior plan (Medex) rate is on a calander year basis. There was no change to the dental rates for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Southwick Tolland Granville Regional School District, and its related entities the Town of Granville and the Town of Tolland, requested, and withdrew, from the Group effective July 1, 2016.

Request for information

This financial report is intended to provide an overview of the finances of the Group. Any questions concerning this report, or for additional information, please contact, the Primary Board, Berkshire Health Group, c/o Mary Beverly at 8 Park Street, Adams, MA 01220.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Net Position As of June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,916,760	\$ 4,855,927
Investments	6,618,825	6,192,085
Receivables:		
Reinsurance	147,951	327,127
Due from providers	975,556	-
Member assessments	28,693	6,466
Retiree drug subsidy		234,873
Total receivables	1,152,200	568,466
Prepaid expense	239	239
Accrued interest earned	25,579	29,463
Capital assets, net of depreciation	949	1,191
Total assets	\$ 13,714,552	\$ 11,647,371
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Claims incurred but not reported	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 3,841,006
Accrued expenses	485,471	705,089
Advance collections - member contributions	389,163	647,324
Total liabilities	3,624,634	5,193,419
Total net position	10,089,918	6,453,952
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 13,714,552	\$ 11,647,371

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Operating revenues: Member contributions Medicare Part D subsidy	\$ 39,478,636 218,840	\$ 41,706,963 908,908
Total operating revenues	39,697,476	42,615,871
Operating expenses:		
Medical and dental claims	31,458,456	39,607,491
Claims administration fees	1,741,305	1,943,627
Reinsurance premiums	608,778	720,697
Health plan premiums	2,254,945	165,088
Group administration services	428,575	433,798
Depreciation	242	140
Total operating expenses	36,492,301	42,870,841
Operating income (loss)	3,205,175	(254,970)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	417,398	190,701
Investment management fees	(19,906)	(18,059)
Unrealized gain / (loss) on investments	33,299	(58,009)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	430,791	114,633
Increase/(decrease) in net position	3,635,966	(140,337)
Net position, beginning of year	6,453,952	6,594,289
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,089,918	\$ 6,453,952

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities: Received from members Cash received from Medicare Part D subsidy Cash paid to claims, insurance providers, and other	\$ 38,636,741 218,840 (37,802,925)	\$ 41,064,250 908,908 (41,421,802)
Net cash provided / (used) by operating activities	1,052,656	551,356
Cash flows from investing/nonoperating activities: Interest on cash, cash equivalents, and investments Acquisition of capital assets, net of depreciation Paid to investment manager (Increase) / decrease in investments, net	454,581 242 (19,906) (426,740)	135,527 (1,071) (18,059) 6,547
Net cash provided / (used) by investing activities	8,177	122,944
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,060,833	674,300
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	4,855,927 \$ 5,916,760	4,181,627 \$ 4,855,927
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses	\$ 3,205,175 (583,734) -	\$ (254,970) (134,606) 329,874
Increase/(decrease) in incurred but not reported Increase/(decrease) in accrued expenses Increase/(decrease) in member's advance collections	(1,091,006) (219,618) (258,161)	441,006 678,159 (508,107)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,052,656	\$ 551,356

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

Note 1. Description of the Group

Berkshire Health Group (the Group) was organized on May 10, 1990, as a Massachusetts Municipal Joint Purchase Health Insurance Trust, under Chapter 32B section 12 of the Massachusetts General Laws to negotiate and purchase hospital, surgical, medical, dental, health maintenance organization coverage, preferred provider organization coverage, claims administration/administrative services only coverage, and other health care and life coverage for its participating governmental units. The Group became operational July 1, 1991. The Group is governed by a Board (the Board), comprised of representatives from each of the participating governmental units. A Treasurer has been appointed by the Board to receive member assessments, issue checks, make transfers, and maintain bank accounts.

Participating governmental units consist of those entities that have signed the Berkshire Health Group Agreement for Negotiation and purchase of Health Coverage. As of June 30, 2017, participants included the Towns of Adams, Great Barrington, Lanesborough, Lenox, and Williamstown; the Adams Cheshire Regional School District (RSD), Berkshire Hills RSD, Central Berkshire RSD, Mt. Greylock RSD, North Berkshire Vocational School, Southern Berkshire RSD, and Berkshire County Insurance Group. As of June 30, 2016, participants included the Towns of Adams, Great Barrington, Lanesborough, Lenox, and Williamstown; the Adams Cheshire Regional School District (RSD), Berkshire Hills RSD, Central Berkshire RSD, Mt. Greylock RSD, North Berkshire Vocational School, Southern Berkshire RSD, Southwick Tolland Granville RSD, and Berkshire County Insurance Group. The Towns of Granville and Tolland participated in the Group through the representation of the Southwick Tolland Granville Regional School District.

The Group operates under a joint purchase agreement which was amended on October 3, 2016. Governmental units applying for membership in the Group may do so on approval of a two-thirds vote of the Group's board. The Board may, at its discretion, assess a one-time entrance on a new Participating Governmental Unit to cover installation and other costs.

During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, any participating governmental unit may withdraw from the Group at its discretion upon written notification of the Board at least 90 days prior to the anniversary date of health care coverage contracts purchased by the group. The amended joint purchase agreement requires any participating governmental unit to provide written notification of withdrawal to the Group by December 1, prior to the anniversary date of health care coverage contracts purchased by the group. The Board may terminate a participating governmental unit by a two-thirds vote of all Board members if the unit is in arrears for any payment due to the Group. During the year ended June 30, 2017, no participating governmental units requested to withdraw from the Group. Southwick Tolland Granville Regional School District, along with its related entities, the Towns of Granville and Tolland, elected to withdraw from the Group effective July 1, 2016.

There is no liability for premiums and expenses following the effective date of the withdrawal or termination of a participating governmental unit except for its (1) proportional share of any deficits in self-funded plans, (2) open premium expense and (3) any subsequent expense to cover it subscribers remaining (where required by law) on plans after withdrawal or termination. Any deficit owed by the withdrawing or terminating governmental unit shall be paid within sixty (60) days following written demand for payment. A participating governmental unit's proportionate share of a deficit in the self-funded plans shall be the deficiency certified as of as of June 30 in the fiscal year of withdrawal or termination multiplied by the quotient as defined in the agreement. A withdrawn or terminated participating governmental unit shall not be entitled to any share of any surplus in the trust.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

All surpluses or deficits of the Group are shared on a proportional and collective basis by non-terminating members. It is at the sole discretion of the Group's Board whether any surplus is to be distributed to the participating governmental units through rate reduction. In the case of a deficit, additional revenue may be raised from each participating governmental unit.

The Group offers the following self-insured plans:

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Blue Care Elect PPO Value Plus

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Blue Care Elect PPO Deductible Plan

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Blue Choice New England POS Value Plus

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Blue Choice New England POS Deductible Plan

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Network Blue EPO Value Plus

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Network Blue EPO Deductible Plan

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Medex II with Blue Medicare Rx PDP

Blue Cross/Blue Shield - Dental Blue

Contributions to the Group's trust fund from participating governmental units are on a monthly basis, based upon plan specific funding rates for coverage provided on individual and family enrollments. Funding rates are approved by the Group Board and are set so as to cover all projected claims for services incurred during the policy period, including those not paid during the policy period, and group administration expenses, as established through underwriting and/or actuarial estimates. On occasion the Group applies a portion of unrestricted net position to reduce funding rates as determined above.

The Group employs the services of John R. Sharry, Incorporated, d/b/a Group Benefits Strategies (GBS), as central benefit administrator to provide certain management, consulting, enrollment, COBRA administration and technical functions and to audit medical claims paid. The current agreement with GBS ends June 30, 2018, and provides for a monthly fee based upon the number of subscribers. The agreement may be terminated by the Group, at any time with 60 days prior, written notice.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Berkshire Health Group is a special purpose governmental entity engaged only in fiduciary activities. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which deductions/expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred and additions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

Member contributions include the monthly assessments charged to each participating governmental unit and include costs for administrative services as well as insurance charges. Contributions are recorded as revenue during the period in which the Group is obligated to provide services to its members.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

B. Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures assets and liabilities at fair value according to the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based upon valuation inputs, which are assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. The following are levels considered.

- <u>Level 1</u> inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- <u>Level 2</u> inputs are directly observable for an asset or a liability (including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities), as well as inputs that are indirectly observable for the asset or liability.
- <u>Level 3</u> inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash in checking, or savings, repurchase agreements, and other short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are defined as securities or other assets that (a) a government holds primarily for the purpose of income or profit and (b) has a present service capacity based solely on its ability to generate cash or be sold to generate cash. Generally, investments are reported according to the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain investments, such as money market investments and 2a7-like external investment pools, are reported at amortized cost, as determined by the reporting investment company. 2a7-like pools are external investment pools that operate in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended and should be measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

Additional investment disclosures are presented in these Notes.

D. Member Assessments and Advance Collections

Member assessments are billed to each participating governmental unit in the form of monthly funding rates. Assessments are recorded and recognized during the period in which the assessment is earned. Assessments collected in advance by the Group have been recorded as liabilities at year-end.

The Group generates its revenue from funding rate billings to its participating governmental units and provides health insurance benefits to their employees and retirees.

Although the Group is dependent on the economic environment of its participating Towns and Districts, Massachusetts General Laws mandates funding by the Group to meet its obligations under insurance contracts by including the amount of the obligation in determining premiums.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

E. Health Claims Liabilities

The Group's obligations include estimated health claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016. The Group uses the latest reported claims to record the Group's payable of reported claims and to estimate health claims incurred but not reported as of that date. The Group pays Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BCBS) a level, monthly payment each month to cover the expected cost of claims for that month. The amount has been mutually agreed upon to represent approximately one month of projected claims for the BCBS plans. There is a quarterly reconciliation and settle-up against actual claims payments made by BCBS on behalf of the Group. Actual claims reported differ from claims estimated, but the Group's size and stop-loss coverage minimize the risk of a significant difference. Claims liabilities are reviewed periodically using claims data adjusted for the Group's current experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

F. Reinsurance

The Group uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Group as the insurer of the risk.

The Group has a specific excess medical and prescription drug claims reinsurance contract with an insurance carrier covering claims paid on self-funded plans, except Medicare supplement and dental plans, in excess of \$200,000 per individual with an aggregating specific deductible of \$100,000.

The policy period covers claims incurred, on a health plan policy year basis, within 12 months and paid within 24 months.

The Group does not include reinsured risks as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by the re-insurer. Amounts recoverable through re-insurers on paid claims are classified as receivable and as a reduction of claims expense.

G. Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Benefit Program

The Group acts as plan sponsor on behalf of its members, for the purpose of applying for the subsidy payment provided for under The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (Subpart R). Subsidies billed or unbilled and earned under this program are recorded as revenue, and as receivable until collected in the accompanying financial statements. As of July 1, 2016, the Group no longer has a senior plan that is eligible for the Retiree Drug Subsidy.

H. Transitional Reinsurance Program fee

The Group was required to pay \$106,571 and \$165,088 for the years ending June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, for Transitional Reinsurance Program (TRP) fees. The TRP fees are associated with the Affordable Care Act. These fees are included in health plan premiums within the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results will differ from those estimates.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and consist of computer equipment and software costs. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Note 3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Group maintains deposits in authorized financial institutions. In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Group's deposits may not be returned. The Group does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The June 30, 2016 amounts have been reclassified in the current year for comparative purposes. At June 30, 2017 and 2016 deposits totaled \$5,921,691 and \$4,855,927, respectively. The carrying amounts of cash reported at June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$5,916,760 and \$4,855,927, respectively. The difference between deposit amounts and carrying amounts represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The Group's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 because the deposit balances that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Insurance were collateralized. The Group maintains an irrevocable standby letter of credit, undersigned by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston in the amounts of \$2,500,000 and \$6,000,000 for the years ending June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, covering the three bank accounts held in People United Bank. Balances in the accounts occasionally exceed the covered letter of credit amounts for short periods of time. These accounts were fully covered at year end.

The Group invests some of its funds in MMDT, an external investment pool for political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts designed as a legal means to invest temporarily available cash. The state treasurer serves as trustee of MMDT and has sole authority pertaining to rules, regulations, and operations of the Trust. Investment options offered by MMDT are (1) a cash portfolio, which offers participation in a diversified portfolio of high-quality money market instruments that seek the highest possible level of current income consistent with preservation of capital and liquidity and (2) a short-term bond portfolio, which offers participation in a diversified portfolio of investment-grade, short-term, fixed-income securities that seeks to generate performance exceeding the Barclays 1-5 Year Government/Credit Bond Index, presenting a fixed-income alternative with a longer time horizon than the cash portfolio. A participant's holdings in the Trust are not subject to creditors of the Commonwealth, nor will the Trust itself be affected by the financial difficulties of any participant. Amounts held at MMDT are uninsured and uncollateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

The Group's investment balance at MMDT as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 were solely in the cash portfolio and has been reported as a cash equivalent for financial reporting purposes. The cash portfolio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but maintains a policy to operate in a manner as a qualifying external investment pool as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Additionally, the cash portfolio adheres to GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, which amended Statement No. 31 and established accounting and financial reporting statements for state and local governments that participate in a qualifying external investment pool that measures all of its investments for financial reporting purposes at amortized cost. A copy of MMDT's financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Office of the Treasurer and Receiver General of Massachusetts directly at One Ashburton Place #1207, Boston, Massachusetts 02108.

Generally, the Treasurer is authorized to invest in the following investments: term deposits or certificates of deposits, trust companies, national banks, savings banks or banking companies, or obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government or an agency thereof and having a maturity from date of purchase of one year or less, with certain other limitations, or invest the same in such securities as are legal for the investment of funds under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Fixed income investments shall be limited to US Treasury or Federal Agency obligations, and US corporate obligations rated A or better by one or more nationally recognized bond rating organizations. Debt securities of any one issuer shall not exceed 5% of fund assets, nor 20% in any single industry. The average length of maturity of fixed income investments shall be left to the investment Manager's discretion, but a laddered average maturity is to be maintained for liquidity purposes. Securities issued by or guaranteed by the US Government or its agencies shall not be subject to such limitations. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably approximates fair value.

Investment income reported in the financial statements is made up of the following:

	<u> 2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>
Interest and dividend income	\$ 205,934	\$ 199,288
Realized gain/(loss) on investments	211,464	(8,587)
Total investment income	\$ 417,398	\$ 190,701

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party to a transaction, the Group will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Group does not have a formal investment policy covering custodial credit risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair market value to changes in market interest rates. The Group has an investment policy, which provides the average length of maturity of fixed income investments shall be left to the investment Manager's discretion, but a laddered average maturity is to be maintained for liquidity purposes. Securities issued by or guaranteed by the US Government or its agencies shall not be subject to such limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

The approximate maturities of the Group's investments are disclosed in the following table:

Investment Type As of June 30, 2017:	Fair Value <u>Measurement</u>	Value	12 months or less	13 - 24 <u>months</u>	25 - 60 <u>months</u>	<u>Thereafter</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Money market funds Mutual Funds U.S. Treasury Notes Exchange Traded Funds Agency Securities Domestic equities Corporate notes	Amortized Cost Level 1	\$ 17,262 52,899 1,318,703 322,202 211,646 2,147,289 2,548,824 \$6,618,825	\$ - 1,003,578 - - 252,743 \$1,256,321	\$ - - - 104,984 - 765,692 \$870,676	\$ - 315,125 - 106,662 - 1,432,046 \$1,853,833	\$ - - - - - - 98,343 \$ 98,343	\$ 17,262 52,899 - 322,202 - 2,147,289 - \$2,539,652
Investment Type (Reclassified) As of June 30, 2016:	Fair Value <u>Measurement</u>	<u>Value</u>	12 months or less	13 - 24 <u>months</u>	25 - 60 <u>months</u>	<u>Thereafter</u>	<u>N/A</u>
Money market funds Certificates of deposit Domestic equities Municipal notes Corporate notes	Amortized Cost Level 1 Level 1 Level 1 Level 1	\$ 111,304 200,817 2,608,658 373,300 2,898,006 \$6,192,085	\$ 111,304 200,817 - 101,348 561,096 \$ 974,565	\$ - - - 259,587 \$259,587	\$ - - 271,952 1,459,177 \$1,731,129	\$ - - - - 618,146 \$618,146	\$ - 2,608,658 - - \$2,608,658

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Obligations of the U.S. Government and certain of its agencies are not considered to have credit risk and therefore no rating is disclosed in the below table. Equity securities and equity mutual funds are not rated as to credit risk. Group policy limits fixed income investments to US Treasury or Federal Agency obligations, and US corporate obligations rated A or better by one or more nationally recognized bond rating organizations. If any bonds in the Group's portfolio present a split rating of BBB or lower, the Board of Directors will vote on whether or not to keep the bonds in their portfolio. The split rated BBB investments below were approved to keep by the Board of Directors. The following table discloses the approximate amount of investments in each rating classification using Standard & Poor's rating classifications:

			S&P Rating as of Year End										
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>			AAA	AA	to A	E	3 <u>BB</u>	N	ot Rated			
As of June 30, 2017:													
Money market funds	\$	17,262	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,262			
Mutual Funds		52,899		-		-		-		52,899			
U.S. Treasury Notes		1,318,703		-		-		-	1	,318,703			
Exchange Traded Funds		322,202		-		-		-		322,202			
Agency Securities		211,646		-	2	11,646		-		-			
Domestic equities		2,147,289		-		-	•	•	2	,147,289			
Corporate notes		2,548,824		160,026	2,0	76,228	20	9,277		103,293			
		6,618,825	_\$_	160,026	\$2,2	87,874	\$20	9,277	\$3	,961,648			
					S&P I	Rating a	s of Y	ear End					
Investment Type		<u>Value</u>		AAA	AA to A		BBB		N	ot Rated			
(Reclassified)													
As of June 30, 2016:													
Money market funds	\$	111,304	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	111,304			
Certificates of deposit		200,817		_		-		-		200,817			
Domestic equities		2,608,658		-		-		-	2	,608,658			
Municipal notes		373,300		165,082	101,348		-			106,870			
Corporate notes	2,898,006			-	2,4	55,650	44	2,356		-			
	\$	6,192,085	\$	165,082	\$2,5	56,998	\$44	2,356	\$3	,027,649			

Concentration of credit risk – Debt securities of any one issuer shall not exceed 5% of fund assets, nor 20% in any single industry. Investment in common stocks shall not exceed 50% of the total investment portfolio. Excluding U.S. federal agency securities, and external investment pools, there are no securities or issuers which represent more than 5% of the total investments of the Group's activities.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Group does not maintain any policies that address this risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016

Note 4. Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets during fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

	Balance <u>6/30/2016</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>6/30/2017</u>
Furniture and equipment Total capital assets	\$ 15,172 15,172	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 15.172 15,172
Less accumulated depreciation: Furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	13,981 13,981	242 242	<u>.</u>	14.223 14.223
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,191</u>	\$ (242)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 949</u>

Note 5. Health Claims Incurred But Not Reported

The Group establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which include estimates of both future payments of losses and related adjustment expenses, if any. The following table represents changes in claims' liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Unpaid claims and claims' adjustment expenses—beginning of year	2017 \$ 3,841,006	2016 \$ 3,400,000
Insured claims and claims' adjustment expenses:	•	
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	32,373,787	40,759,981
Increase/(Decrease) in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years	(915,331)	(1,152,490)
	31,458,456	39,607,491
Payments:		
Claims and claim's adjustment expenses attributable to		
insured events of the current fiscal year	(29,623,787)	(36.918,975)
Claims and claim's adjustment expenses attributable to		
insured events of prior fiscal years	(2.925,675)	(2,247,510)
·	(32,549,462)	(39.166,485)
Total unpaid claims and claims' adjustment expenses—end of year	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 3.841.006

Note 6. Subsequent Events

The Group has evaluated subsequent events through January 31, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 7. GASB Pronouncements Recently Issued

There are no recently released GASB pronouncements, current or future, as of the date of these financial statements which the Group believes will be applicable to its financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information Ten-Year Claims' Development Information

The table on the next page illustrates how the Group's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss and other expenses assumed by the Group as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows in the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues and investment revenues, the amount of contribution revenue ceded, and the amount of net earned revenues. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Group including overhead and claims' expense not allocated to individual claims. (3) This line shows the Group's incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section of rows shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. (5) This line shows the latest re-estimated amount of claims assumed by reinsurers as of the end of the current year for each accident year. (6) This section of rows shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known. (7) This line compares the latest re-estimated incurred claims amount to the originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

BERKSHIRE HEALTH GROUP REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Ten-Year Claims' Development Information

	_	6/30/2017	6/30/2016		6/30/2015		6/30/2014		6/30/2013		6/30/2012		6/30/2011		6/30/2010		6/30/2009		6/30/2008
Member assessments, other and investment revenues													- -		_				
Earned	\$	40,114,874		-	38,721,708	\$	37,270,975		36,567,714	\$	36,017,525	S	37,851,195	\$	34,899,617	\$	33,584,250	s	31,196,116
Ceded	\$	715,349	\$ 885,785	_	861,039	_	473,845		558,761	_	535,651	\$	504,871	\$	441,258	<u>\$_</u>	498,686	\$	448,556
Net earned	\$	39,399,525	\$ 41,920,787	\$	37,860,669	\$	36,797,130	\$	36,008,953	\$	35,481,874	\$	37,346,324	\$	34,458,359	S	33,085,564	\$	30,747,560
2. Unallocated expenses	\$	2,190,028	\$ 2,453,633	\$	2,462,500	\$	2,443,580	\$	2,450,987	\$	2,360,865	\$	2,220,119	\$	2,126,634	\$	2,220,054	\$	1,999,235
 Estimated claims and expense, end of fiscal year 																			
Incurred	S	32,909,960			38,792,783		37,938,654		36,648,182	\$	35,351,133	S	33,964,995	\$	33,017,424	\$	31,040,661	s	26,741,508
Ceded	<u>s</u>	536,173	\$ 896,362	_	1,009,556	_	462.340		708,587	<u>\$</u>	273,941	_	500,437	<u>\$</u>	1,465,716	\$	475,129		138,723
Net incurred	\$	32,373,787	\$ 40,759,981	S	37,783,227	\$	37,476,314	S	. 35,939,595	\$	35,077,192	\$	33,464,558	\$	31,551,708	\$	30,565,532	\$	26,602,785
4. Net paid (cumulative) as of:																			
End of fiscal year	S	29,623,787		_	34,383,227	-	34,090,793	-	32,286,747	-	31,542,687		29,884,399		28,619,508	\$	27,127,980	\$	24,118,673
One year later			39,838,855	-	36,620,686		37,508,779	-	34,491,141		33,818,879		32,398,912	-	31,141,651	\$	30,040,275	S	26,180,615
Two years later				S	36,627,225		37,514,354	_	34,497,057	-	33,806,991		32,341,249		31,126,035		30,023,342		26,173,716
Three years later						S	37,513,180		34,502,485		33,815,472		32,332,471	-	31,125,596		30,024,903		26,166,568
Four years later								\$	34,502,517		33,814,605	-	32,332,991		31,125,272		30,024,673	S	26,160,611
Five years later										\$	33,814,573	-	32,333,151	-	31,125,490		30,024,444		26,160,686
Six years later Seven years later												\$	32,333,580		31,125,490		30,024,462	-	26,161,624
Eight years later														S	31,125,490		30,024,219	-	26,161,624
Nine years later																\$	30,024,219		26,161,624
Time years rater																		S	26,161,624
5. Reestimated ceded claims																			
and expenses	S	536,173	\$ 896,362	\$	1,009,556	S	462,340	S	708,587	S	273,941	\$	500,437	S	1,465,716	\$	475,129	\$	214,655
 Re-estimated incurred, self-insured claims and expense; 																			
End of fiscal year	s	32,373,787	\$ 40,759,981	s	37,783,227	s	37,476,314	,	35,939,595	•	35,077,192	•	33,464,558		31,551,708		30,565,532		24 442 746
One year later	•		\$ 39.838.855		36,620,686	-	37,508,779		34,491,141	-	33,818,879	-	32,398,912	-	31,141,651	-	30,040,275		26,602,785 26,180,615
Two years later				Š	36,627,225	-	37,514,354	_	34.497.057		33,806,991		32,341,249		31,126,035		30,023,342		26,173,716
Three years later				-		s	37,513,180		34,502,485	-	33,815,472		32,332,471		31,125,596		30,024,903		26,166,568
Four years later								S	34,502,517	Š	33,814,605	-	32,332,991		31,125,272		30,024,673	-	26,160,611
Five years later										\$	33,814,573		32,333,151		31,125,490		30,024,444		26,160,686
Six years later												\$	32,333,580	S	31,125,490	S	30,024,462	-	26,161,624
Seven years later														S	31,125,490	\$	30,024,219	Š	26,161,624
Eight years later																\$	30,024,219	S	26,161,624
Nine years later																		\$	26,161,624
7. (Increase) decrease in estimated net incurred claims and expense																			
from the end of the original																			
policy year.			\$ 921,126	S	1,156,002	\$	(36,866)	\$	1,437,078	\$	1,262,619	\$	1,130,978	\$	426,218	\$	541,313	s	441,161